San Juan County, Colorado

Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

December 31, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners San Juan County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of San Juan County, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the San Juan County, Colorado, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information for major funds on pages 3-10 and 32-34 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the San Juan County, Colorado's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and Local Highway Finance Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and Local Highway Finance Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and Local Highway Finance Report are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Blair and Associates, P.C.

Cedaredge, Colorado September 19, 2017

SAN JUAN COUNTY

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

As management of the San Juan County (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information provided in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$ 7,192,153 (i.e. net position) as of December 31, 2016, an increase of \$ 702,046 in comparison to the prior year.
- Governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 2,626,376 increase of \$ 810,442 in comparison with the prior year.
- The County's fund balance for the General Fund was \$ 1,555,283, increase of \$ 714,860 in comparison to the prior year.
- Total long-term liabilities increased by \$217,805 during the 2016 fiscal year with new debt issued of \$284,364.
- General property tax, sales tax, and other tax totaled \$ 1,284,787 or 65% of general revenues.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The basic statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all the County's assets, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, the increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*.

Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will result in cash flows in future periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused personal time).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*Governmental Activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*Business-type Activities*). The Governmental Activities of the County include general government administration, police, fire, public works, and tourism.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The County's funds can be divided into two categories: Governmental Funds and Fiduciary Funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's short-term financing requirements. The accounting method is called modified accrual accounting.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental activities in the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains four major government funds, the General, Road and Bridge, Social Services and Emergency Services Sales Tax Funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheets and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for those funds.

Fiduciary Funds-The County maintains one type of fiduciary fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the County's combined assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflow of resources by \$ 7,192,153. Of this amount, \$ 1,835,077 is unrestricted and available to meet the County's ongoing financial obligations.

By far the largest portion of net position is the investment in capital assets (net of related debt) of \$4,554,763 (63% of net position). This amount reflects the investment in all capital assets (e.g. infrastructure, land, buildings, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table summarizes the County's governmental net position for 2015 and 2016:

	Governmental Activities				
Assets	2015		2016		
Current and other assets	\$ 2,935,025	\$	3,725,434		
Capital assets	5,112,845		5,217,438		
Total assets	8,047,870		8,942,872		
Current Liabilities	351,616		298,895		
Non-current liabilities					
Leases payable	378,581		606,520		
Total liabilities	730,197		905,415		
Deferred Inflow of Resources Deferred revenues	839,896		845,304		
Net Position					
Investment in capital assets,					
net of related debt	4,667,975		4,554,763		
Restricted	735,650		802,313		
Unrestricted	1,086,482		1,835,077		
Total net position	\$ 6,490,107	\$	7,192,153		

An additional portion of net position, \$802,313, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$1,086,482 (17% of net position), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Change in Net Position

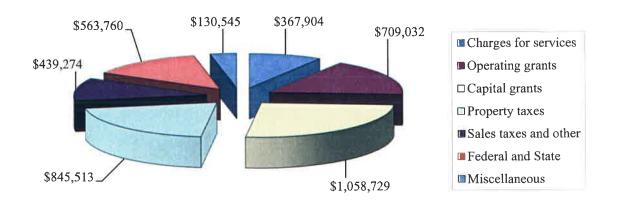
Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$ 702,046 in 2016.

	Governmental Activities				
	2015			2016	
Revenues			-	,	
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$	242,756	\$	367,904	
Operating grants		620,566		709,032	
Capital grants		562,999		1,058,729	
General revenues					
Property taxes		855,940		845,513	
Sales taxes and other		498,380		439,274	
Federal and State		390,079		563,760	
Miscellaneous		54,315		130,545	
Totals		3,225,035	9====	4,114,757	
Expenses					
General Government		1,783,614		1,713,604	
Judicial		23,868		13,873	
Public safety		637,508		677,519	
Health and welfare		240,327		285,375	
Public works		459,607		662,207	
Tourism		48,487		60,133	
Total expenses		3,193,411	S	3,412,711	
Increase in net position		31,624		702,046	
Beginning		6,458,483		6,490,107	
Ending	\$	6,490,107	\$	7,192,153	

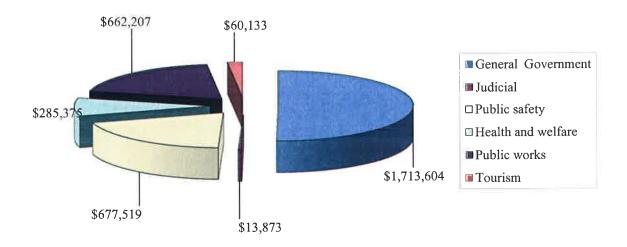
Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$ 702,046.

Revenues by Source-Governmental Activities



Expenses by Department-Governmental Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of 2016 the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 2,626,376, increase of \$ 810,442 in comparison with the prior year. Of the combined ending fund balances for all governmental funds 44% of this total amount, \$ 1,153,742, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for appropriation at the County's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is already committed to meet other obligations.

The County has four major governmental funds, the General, Road and Bridge, Social Services and Emergency Services Sales Tax Funds. At the end of 2016, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$ 1,153,742, while the total fund balance was \$ 1,555,283. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased by \$ 714,860 during 2016.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The County budgeted \$ 3,190,389 for 2016 expenditures. Actual expenditures were \$ 2,637,979.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2016, was \$ 5,217,438. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, building improvements, and equipment.

Governmental Activities	Balance January 1, 2016		Additions	Dispositions	Balance December 31, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 148,584	1 \$		\$ -	\$ 148,584
Total	148,584	1	×		148,584
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings	4,095,210	5	<u> </u>	2	4,095,216
Equipment and vehicles	2,312,98	1	363,116	(137,086)	2,539,011
Infrastructure	1,360,063	3	(m)	<u> </u>	1,360,063_
Total	7,768,260)	363,116	(137,086)	7,994,290
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings	(741,770	5)	(73,597)	-	(815,373)
Equipment and vehicles	(1,751,01	4)	(126,715)	123,378	(1,754,351)
Infrastructure	(311,209	9)	(44,503)		(355,712)
Total	(2,803,999	9)	(244,815)	123,378	(2,925,436)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	4,964,26	1	118,301	(13,708)	5,068,854
Total Governmental					
Activities capital assets	\$ 5,112,84	5_\$	118,301	\$ (13,708)	\$ 5,217,438

Long-term Debt

	Balance]	Balance		
	January 1,				Dec	cember 31,	Du	e within
Governmental Activities	2016	Additions	Re	ductions		2016	0	ne year
Leases payable	\$ 444,870	\$ 284,364	\$	66,559	\$	662,675	\$	56,155
Total	\$ 444,870	\$ 284,364	\$	66,559	\$	662,675	\$	56,155
					-		_	

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The County's General fund has a fund balance that will cover three months of normal operations.
- The Assessed value for San Juan County increased slightly from 42,554,084 to 45,092,397.
- Revenues for San Juan County are projected to increase.
- The Secure Rural Schools program was not reauthorized by Congress. This will create a substantial loss of revenue for the Road and Bridge Fund.
- An Emergency Services Fund was created to fund the Ambulance Association and Fire Authority. An additional 1.5% sales tax was approved by the voters that generate nearly \$300,000 per year.
- The Gold King Incident of 2015 has resulted in portions of San Juan County being designated as a Superfund Site by EPA. The results of this designation could have an impact upon San Juan County's finances for the next 25 years.
- The Anvil Mountain Subdivision located on the former Walsh Smelter Site has been approved for the development of up to 53 affordable and attainable housing units. Additionally, San Juan County has received grant funding and financing to construct an affordable 12-unit apartment building with construction estimated to begin in the spring of 2018.
- The County has an intergovernmental agreement with the Town of Silverton to provide ambulance, law enforcement, planning, code enforcement and building inspection services.
- The Town and County will fund the operation of the Fire Authority.

REQUEST FOR INFORMANTION

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to:

County Administrator San Juan County Silverton, Colorado

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2016

		Governmental Activities		Component Unit		Total
ASSETS	Ф 2	115 157	\$	11,014	\$	2,126,171
Cash and cash equivalents		115,157	Ф	11,014	Φ	568,474
Restricted cash		568,474 845,304				845,304
Property taxes receivable		969				969
Accrued interest receivable		131,147				131,147
Accounts receivable		,				53,369
Due from other governmental units	5	53,369 217,438				5,217,438
Capital assets, net			-	11,014		8,942,872
Total assets	8,	931,858	-	11,014		0,942,072
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		242,740		<u> ~</u>		242,740
Current portion of long term debt		56,155		=		56,155
Long-term liabilities		,				
Due more than one year:						
Leases payable		606,520				606,520
Total liabilities		905,415				905,415
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred revenue		845,304		<u> </u>		845,304
NET POSITION						
Invested in capital assets	4.	554,763		-		4,554,763
Restricted for:	•	,				
Emergencies		30,000		5 .		30,000
Capital purchases	:	286,217		π.		286,217
Gravel		65,395		+		65,395
Other purposes		420,701		*		420,701
Unrestricted		824,063		11,014		1,835,077
Total net position		181,139	\$	11,014	\$	7,192,153
Poor	7				_	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SAN JUAN COUNTY

			I	Progra	Program Revenues	S				
		Ch	Charges for	o	Operating	Capital	ital			
		Ser	Service and	Gra	Grants and	Grants and	s and	Governmental	Component	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Fees	Cont	Contributions	Contributions	utions	Activities	Unit	Total
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 1,713,604	↔	224,735	∽	ě	8	60,927	\$ (1,427,942)	· •>	\$ (1,427,942)
Judicial	13,873		1) <u>*</u> i		30	(13,873)	ij	(13,873)
Public Safety	668,544		1		0	4	498,544	(170,000)	(4)	(170,000)
Heath and welfare	285,375		120,793		137,181	17	176,066	148,665	1,0	148,665
Culture and recreation			t):		714		в	714	.0.	714
Tourism	60,133		10		78,905		æ	18,772	я	18,772
Public Works	662,207		8,585	,	492,232	32	323,192	161,802	X1	161,802
Total governmental activities	3,403,736		354,113		709,032	1,0	1,058,729	(1,281,862)	ı	(1,281,862)
Component Unit	\$ 8,975	€9	13,791	↔		↔			4,816	4,816
		Gen	General Revenues	ınes						
			ı axes:							
			Property taxes	taxes				845,513		845,513
			Sales taxo	es and 1	Sales taxes and miscellaneous	ns		439,274	9	439,274
			Federal and state	l state				563,760	i i	563,760
			Sale of assets	sts				36,291		36,291
			Miscellaneous	snc				94,254	ě	94,254
			Total (Genera	Total General Revenues			1,979,092	(i)	1,979,092
		Cha	Changes in Net Position	t Positi	ion			697,230	4,816	702,046
		Net	Net Position-January 1	anuary	.1			6,483,909	6,198	6,490,107

7,181,139

Net Position-January 1 Net Position-December 31

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS **DECEMBER 31, 2016**

	8	General	_	Road and Bridge		Social Services
ASSETS	d)	1 214 407	er.	452 442	¢.	64 122
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,214,487	\$	453,442	\$	64,132
Restricted Cash		401,541		152,899		12 260
Property taxes receivable		818,060		14,876		12,368
Accrued interest receivable		969		7.E		56.147
Accounts receivable		75,000				56,147
Due from other funds		6,975		27.020		28,986
Due from state		15,946	_	27,029		10,394
Total assets	<u> </u>	2,532,978	\$	648,246	\$	172,027
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	130,649	\$	34,884	\$	77,207
Due to other funds	_	28,986				551
Total liabilities		159,635	(n	34,884		77,207
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred revenue		818,060		14,876	s 	12,368
Fund balances:						×
Restricted						
Emergencies		=		943		(*)
Parks and recreation		-		(ie)		-
Committed						
Capital purchases		223,213		63,004		
Grayel				65,395	10	170
Other purposes		178,328		24,500		33
Tourism		2		725		==0
Health and human services		20		82)		82,452
Assigned						• /
Highway and streets		160		445,587		3+3
Unassigned		1,153,742		· ·		90
Total fund balances		1,555,283		598,486		82,452
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,532,978	\$	648,246	\$	172.027
			_			

_	Emergency Services Sales Tax	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	168,305	\$	214,791	\$	2,115,157
	879		14,034		568,474
	(- 2		3		845,304
	(<u>2</u>		-		969
	32		(4)		131,147
	9/ 4 0		-		35,961
_	(je)				53,369
_9	168,305	\$	228,825	\$	3,750,381
\$	6,975 6,975	\$	-	\$	242,740 35,961 278,701
_	- 19th		<u>=</u>		845,304
			30,000 6,814		30,000 6,814
	120		220		286,217
	929		40		65,395
	161,330		56,543		420,701
	101,550		135,468		135,468
	(*		,		82,452
					,
	-		90		445,587
			<u> </u>		1,153,742
	161,330		228,825		2,626,376
\$		\$	228,825	\$	3,750,381

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2016

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 2,626,376
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	5,217,438
Long-term liabilities, including leases payable and compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Leases payable	(662,675)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 7,181,139

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2016

		General	Road and eral Bridge			Social Services
REVENUES	•	016 150	ф	11 100	Ф	10.017
Property Taxes	\$	816,173	\$	11,123	\$	18,217
Sales Taxes		219,070		400.000		127 101
Intergovernmental		1,743,282		492,232		137,181
Licenses and permits		2,150		-		*
Charges for services		8,585		-		*
Fees		224,735		20.010		딕
Miscellaneous	-	52,844		39,212		
Total revenues	-	3,066,839	-	542,567	-	155,398
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		1,678,691		-		9
Judicial		13,873		=		=
Public safety		591,909		46		=
Health and welfare		120,668		:=:		164,707
Tourism		72		-		**
Public Works		=		509,163		9
Debt Service		25,677		60,629		惠
Capital outlay		28,753		334,364		
Total expenditures	-	2,459,571	10	904,156		164,707
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		607,268	8=	(361,589)		(9,309)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Loan Proceeds		2		284,364		#
Transfers in (out)		107,592		57,000		=
Sale of assets		7.		50,000		=
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	107,592	-	391,364		
Net change to fund balance		714,860		29,775		(9,309)
Fund balance, January 1		840,423		568,711	-	91,761
Fund balance, December 31	\$	1,555,283	\$	598,486	\$	82,452

Emergency	Other	Total
Services	Governmental	Governmental
Sales Tax	Funds	Funds

\$	\$	\$ 845,513
220,204	3.5	439,274
(4)	79,619	2,452,314
	0	2,150
170	// <u>←</u>	8,585
3	177	224,735
381	48	92,104
220,204	79,667	4,064,675
	·	
	30	1,678,721
	30	13,873
=	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	591,909
:=: ~	-	285,375
•	60,133	60,133
15	00,133	509,163
<u>;=</u> ;		86,306
		363,117
	60,163	3,588,597
220,204	19,504	476,078
	2	284,364
(164,592)	<u> </u>	-
		50,000
(164,592)		334,364
55,612	19,504	810,442
105,718	209,321	1,815,934
\$ 161,330	\$ 228,825	\$ 2,626,376

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended Decembe	r	31,	2016	
--------------------	---	-----	------	--

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	810,442
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as deprecation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		24	
Capital Outlay	\$ 363,117		
Depreciation expense	(244,815)		118,302
Sale of assets less salvage value			(13,709)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This is the amount by which issuance of long-term debt exceeded principal payments on debt in the current period.			
Principal payment on long-term debt		-	66,559
Change in net position of governmental funds		\$	697,230

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2016

	Treasurer's Agency Fund
Cash and investments	\$ 104,858
Due to other governments	\$ 104,858

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of San Juan County, Colorado conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in evaluating the County's financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

San Juan County is located in western Colorado in Silverton, Colorado. The principal town is Silverton. San Juan County is a political subdivision of the State of Colorado, governed by an elected three-member Board of County Commissioners. The County has six other elected officials; the Assessor, the Clerk and Recorder, the Coroner, the Sheriff, the Surveyor and the Treasurer. San Juan County is included in the Sixth Judicial District. The County's General Fund accounts for all financial operating transactions of the offices of the elected officials and all San Juan County contributions to the Ninth Judicial District Attorney's office.

Discrete presented component unit. Emergency Telephone 911.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and user charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. The County considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within 180 days except for property taxes which are considered available if they are collectible within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current year are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Road and Bridge Fund records costs related to County road and bridge construction and maintenance. By State law, Colorado counties are required to maintain a road and bridge fund. A portion of road and bridge taxes are allocated to cities and towns for use in their road and street activities.
- The Social Services Fund accounts for the administration and operations of the County's public health and welfare system.
- The *Emergency Services Sales Tax Fund* accounts for the administration and operations of the County's emergency services system.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation-continued

The government reports the following non-major governmental funds:

- Conservation Trust Fund reflects the receipt of the County's share of Colorado Lottery funds and money from other sources to be used for recreation purposes within the County.
- Contingent Fund reflects the accumulation and disbursement of funds set aside to be used as needed for unforeseen contingencies.
- Noxious Weed Fund reflects the accumulation and disbursement of funds set aside to be used for the purpose of controlling weeds.
- Tourism Fund reflects the collection of lodging tax to be used to promote tourism in the county.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are certain charges between the County's funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues included all taxes.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Investments

The County considers cash and cash equivalents in funds to be cash on hand and demand deposits. In addition, because the treasury pool is sufficiently liquid to permit withdrawal of cash at any time without prior notice or penalty, equity in the pool is also deemed to be a cash equivalent.

2. Receivable and Payable Balances

Significant components of receivables and payables are disaggregated in the financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year. All material payables are expected to be paid within one year with the exception of the amounts for the accrual for capital leases.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity continued

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied in December and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the following year. Taxes are payable either in two installments due on February 28 and June 15 or in full on April 30. The County, through the San Juan County Treasurer, bills and collects its own property taxes as well as property taxes of all other taxing authorities within the County. Taxes levied in 2016 for collection in 2017 are recorded in governmental funds as taxes receivable and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2016 since the amount is measurable but not available until 2017. An allowance for uncollectible taxes is not provided as the uncollectible amounts were determined to be negligible based upon an analysis of historical trends.

4. Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds that would be treated as revenues, expenditures, or expenses if they involved organizations external to the County are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses in the funds involved. Transactions which constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from that fund which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expense in the fund that is reimbursed. At year end, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." These amounts are eliminated in the Total Column on the "statement of net position" column. Any residual balances outstanding between "discrete presented component units" and the "primary government" are reported on a separate line.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and a useful life of more than one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation on capital assets, with the exception of infrastructure, is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements

50 Years

Equipment and Furniture

7 to 10 Years

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity continued

5. Capital Assets-continued

For reporting infrastructure assets, a modified approach is allowed by GASB 34. This approach is in lieu of the depreciation of infrastructure assets. The County has elected to use this method of reporting infrastructure assets. The County must maintain two requirements in order to qualify to use this approach:

- 1. The County must manage the eligible infrastructure assets using an asset management system with specific characteristics.
- 2. The County must document that the eligible infrastructure assets are being preserved approximately at (or above) a condition level established and disclosed by the County.

San Juan qualifies as a Phase III county as per GASB Statement 34 and has elected to report infrastructure assets which were acquired and in service at January 1, 2004.

6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, statement of net position. At December 31, 2016 the only long term debt that San Juan County had was from the accrual of capital leases.

7. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

8. Net Position

Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net position are reported as restricted when there are constraints placed on their use either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through restrictions externally imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

The reserve for emergencies as required by Section 20 to Article X of the Colorado Constitution, also known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR) is classified as restricted net position on the entity-wide statements.

As provided for in the amendment the voters of San Juan County approved in November 1995 a resolution authorizing the County to collect, retain and expend revenues collected from taxes and other sources in excess of these limits.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity continued

9. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

10. Contraband Proceeds

The Colorado Contraband Forfeiture Act requires the proceeds from the seizure of contraband be audited although they are not subject to the appropriations process. During 2015, the County had no proceeds from the seizures of contraband.

NOTE 2- STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except agency funds, of the County. The Budget Office submits a proposed operating budget for the following calendar year to the County Commissioners prior to October 15 of each year. The budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures/expenses and the anticipated revenues. As required by statute, public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen's comments. Prior to the levy of property tax, the budget is legally adopted through the passage of a budget adoption and appropriation resolution.

B. Budgeted Level of Expenditures

The budgetary control is maintained at the department level for the general fund and at specific fund level for all other funds. Although the budget shows various classifications by object and by function, the department directors are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within each of the object classifications. All annual appropriations lapse at year end. During 2016 no supplemental appropriations were made.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the final amended budget.

The County could be in violation of Colorado Budget Law because actual expenditures exceed budgetary expenses in the Social Services and Tourism Funds.

NOTE 3- CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

Title II, Article 10.5 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, (the Public Deposit Protection Act of 1989); require all public monies to be deposited in financial institutions that have been designated as eligible public depositories. Eligible public depositories must pledge eligible collateral, as promulgated by the State banking hoard, having a market value in excess of 102% of the aggregate uninsured public deposits. Eligible collateral must he held in a single financial institution collateral pool in the custody of any federal reserve bank or any branch thereof or of any depository trust company which is a member of the federal reserve system, and which is supervised by the State banking board. The Statutes further restrict such deposits to eligible public depositories having their principal offices within the State of Colorado. Collateral in the pool is considered to be held in the County's name under custodial credit risk category by pursuant to a private letter ruling from GASB regarding public deposits in the state of Colorado. At year end the carrying amount of the County's Primary Government's Funds and component unit deposits were \$1,197,213 and the bank balance was \$1,269,620. Of the bank balance \$500,000 was covered by FDIC insurance. The remaining \$769,620 was collateralized under the above referenced statute.

B. Investments

Colorado statues specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local government entities may invest. Authorized investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities; certain international agency securities; general obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities; bankers' acceptances of certain banks; commercial paper; written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities; certain money market funds; guaranteed investments contracts The local government investment pool is the and local government investment pools. Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST). This pooled investment vehicle was established by local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. This pool is overseen by the State Securities Commission. COLOTRUST operate similarly to money market funds and each share valued at \$1.00. The investment pool is routinely monitored by the Colorado Division of Securities with regard to operations and investments. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury Notes. The designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of each pooled investment. All securities owned by each pooled investment are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by each pool investor. These pools are not required to and are not registered with the SEC. COLOTRUST's funds are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's, Fitch's and Moody's rating services.

NOTE 3- CASH AND INVESTMENTS- continued

The County's investments carried at fair market value as of December 31, 2016 are:

	Fair Value	Credit Risk
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$ 46,693	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Assn	202,479	AAA
Money Market Funds-LPL	18,267	N/R
ColoTrust (Governmental Pool)	1,334,740	AAAm
,	\$ 1,089,360	

Table 1 - Summary of Combined Cash and Investments Held By Primary Government and Component Unit.

Description	Cost		
Cash on hand	\$ 111		
Demand deposits	611,860		
Colotrust	1,334,740		
Certificates of deposit and savings	585,353		
Investments	267,439		
Total	\$ 2,799,503		

NOTE 4- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance January 1, 2016	Additions	Dispositions	Balance December 31, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated	m 140.504	\$ 62	e	\$ 148,584
Land	\$ 148,584 148,584	<u>Ф</u>	ф <u> </u>	148,584
Capital assets being depreciated				4.005.016
Buildings	4,095,216	152	44	4,095,216
Equipment and vehicles	2,312,981	363,116	(137,086)	2,539,011
Infrastructure	1,360,063	14		1,360,063
	7,768,260	363,116	(137,086)	7,994,290
Less accumulated				
depreciation				
Buildings	(741,776)	(73,597)	3	(815,373)
Equipment and vehicles	(1,751,014)	(126,715)	123,378	(1,754,351)
Infrastructure	(311,209)	(44,503)		(355,712)
	(2,803,999)	(244,815)	123,378	(2,925,436)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	4,964,261	118,301	(13,708)	5,068,854
Total Governmental				
Activities Capital Assets	\$ 5,112,845	\$ 118,301	\$ (13,708)	\$ 5,217,438

NOTE 4- CAPITAL ASSETS- continued

In 2016, the County reclassify capital assets for previous years.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	Φ.	24.002
General government	\$	34,883
Public safety		66,874
Public works	_	143,058
Total depreciation expense-Governmental		044.015
Activities	\$	244,815

NOTE 5- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	 Balance anuary 1,					 Balance cember 31,	Dı	ae within
Governmental Activities	2016	A	dditions	Re	eductions	2016		ne year
Leases payable	 444,870	\$	284,364	\$	66,559	\$ 662,675	\$	56,155
Total	\$ 444,870	\$	284,364	\$	66,559	\$ 662,675	\$	56,155

New Shop Building – The County entered into a lease purchase agreement on March 29, 2012 with Citizens State Bank to purchase Lots 16 through 19 of block 32 in the Town of Silverton, Colorado. The amount of the lease was \$ 262,711.49 with \$ 82,711.49 paid up front. The remaining principal was \$ 180,000 payable in 15 annual \$ 12,000 principal payments plus interest paid at 4.750%. Payments are due April 1st of each year below.

	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	_Total
2017	\$ 12,000	\$ 6,254	\$ 18,254
2018	12,000	5,684	17,684
2019	12,000	5,114	17,114
2020	12,000	4,544	16,544
2021	12,000	3,974	15,974
2022-2026	60,000	11,321	71,321
2027	11,667	554	<u>12,221</u>
Total	<u>\$131,667</u>	<u>\$ 37,445</u>	<u>\$ 169,112</u>

<u>Caterpillar D6T Tractor</u> – The County entered into a lease purchase agreement with Caterpillar in 2016 to purchase a D6T Tractor. The amount of the lease was \$ 284,364. The lease is payable in 5 annual payments of \$36,798 which includes interest paid at 3.2%, with a balloon payment of \$136,720 on February 15, 2021.

	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 27,698	\$ 9,100	\$ 36,798
2018	28,585	8,213	36,798
2019	29,499	7,299	36,798
2020	30,443	6,355	36,798
2021	168,138	<u>5,380</u>	<u> 173,518</u>
Total	\$ 284,363	<u>\$ 36,347</u>	<u>\$ 320,710</u>

NOTE 5- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES- continued

Fire Authority Building – The County entered into a lease purchase agreement with Bank of San Juans in 2014 to finance the construction of fire authority building. The amount of the lease was \$ 292,875, which is payable in 15 annual payments of \$ 25,706.31, which includes principal payments plus interest paid at 3.75%. The following are a schedule of the lease payments.

	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ 16,457	\$ 9,249	\$ 25,706
2018	17,074	8,632	25,706
2019	17,714	7,992	25,706
2020	18,379	7,327	25,706
2021	19,068	6,638	25,706
2022-2026	106,616	21,914	128,530
2026-2028	51,337	3,067	54,404
Total	\$ 246,645	\$ 64,819	<u>\$ 311,464</u>

NOTE 6- FUND BALANCE

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the District implemented GASB Statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance-amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance-amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless Town Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

NOTE 7- RETIREMENT PLAN

San Juan County is a member employer of the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association (CCOERA). This association was formed by Colorado State Statute to provide retirement benefits to employees of Colorado local governments. CCOERA administers two different retirement plans a 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan and a 457 Deferred Compensation Plan.

San Juan County provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a defined contribution plan with the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association Retirement Plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate one year from the date of employment. Elected officials are eligible to participate immediately. Participation is mandatory for all eligible employees and for all elected officials. Both the County and the employee contribute 3% of the employee's monthly base salary to the plan. Employees may also make additional contributions up to a maximum of 10% of compensation. The County's contribution for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) is 100% vested after five years. If an elected official fails to become re-elected, they immediately become fully vested. Any non-vested County contributions forfeited by an employee who leaves the County's employment are remitted to the County.

The County's total payroll was \$893,004 in 2016. The total payroll covered by the pension plan was \$596,333 in 2016. The total contribution paid was \$54,264 in 2016, \$36,674 by the employees and \$17,590 by the County.

The County has no liability for losses under the plan.

Complete financial statements for the retirement plans may be obtained from the CCOERA, 4949 S. Syracuse St., Suite 400, Denver, Colorado, 80237.

NOTE 8- POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The County provides no post employment benefits to employees who retire from the County - other than those mandated by the State and Federal governments. The "Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985" (COBRA), that is mandated by the Federal Government, requires that employers allow eligible employees the opportunity to purchase medical and dental insurance for various periods of time after their employment is discontinued. San Juan County complies with the Federal Statutes.

NOTE 9- RISK MANAGEMENT

Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to property and casualty losses. The County has joined together with other Counties in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The Pool provides the County with general property, vehicle comprehensive and collision, and other liability insurance coverage. The County pays an annual contribution to CAPP for its property and casualty insurance coverage and the County Workers Compensation Pool (CWCP) for its general and workmen's compensation insurance coverage. The intergovernmental agreement of formation of CAPP and CWCP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and that the Pool will purchase insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention, which is determined each policy year.

NOTE 10- NONCASH PROGRAM ACTIVITY

San Juan County Department of Social Services Expenditure/Revenue Report For the Year Ended December 2016

Colorado Works Child Care Child Welfare Administration Child Support Core Services LEAP Old Age Pension Adult Protection Child Care Quality Grant	County EBT Expended Authorizations \$ 897.51 297.76 9,067.17	State & Fed Share of All Authorizations \$ (693.83) 702.92 1,813.44	Expenditures By County Warrant \$ 4,793.14 2,389.34 26,270.93 39,824.35 743.87 532.93 1,773.26 1,292.48 1,752.28 28,996.72	County EBT Authorizations Plus Expend By Co. Warrant \$ 5,690.65 2,687.10 35,338.10 39,824.35 743.87 532.93 28,167.11 3,973.73 1,752.28 28,996.72	Total County Expenditures \$ 6,614.61 973.85 6,402.28 39,824.35 743.87 532.93 1,773.26 1,292.48 1,752.28 28,996.72
Child Care Quality Grant					
Subtotal	39,337.54	1,822.53	108,369.30	147,706.84	88,906.63
Food Assistance	95,359.80		<u> </u>	95,359.80	95,359.80
Grant Total	\$ 134,697.34	\$ 1,822.53	\$ 108,369.30	\$ 243,066.64	\$ 184,266.43

NOTE 10- NONCASH PROGRAM ACTIVITY- continued

A. Welfare payments authorized by the San Juan County Department of Human Services. These County authorizations are paid by the Colorado Department of Human Services by QUEST debit cards or by electronic funds transfer (EFT).

B. Welfare payments authorized by the San Juan County Department of Human Services. These County authorizations are paid by the Colorado Department of Human Services by QUEST

debit cards or by electronic funds transfer (EFT).

C. County share of EBT authorizations - these amounts are settled monthly by a reduction of State cash advances to the County.

D. Expenditures made by County warrants or other County payment methods

E. This represents the total cost of the welfare programs that are administered by San Juan County.

F. This total matches the expenditures on the Social Services Department Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

NOTE 11- INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The County reports interfund transfers between many of its funds. The sum of all transfers presented in this table agrees with the sum of interfund transfers presented in the balance sheets for governmental.

Interfund transfers at December 31, 2016 were as follows:

	Transfer		Transfer	
Fund	In	Out		
General	\$ 286,000	\$	178,408	
Road and Bridge	\$ 57,000			
Emergency Services Sales Tax	\$ 121,408	\$	286,000	



SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended December 31, 2016							
	Budgeted						
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance			
REVENUES							
Taxes:				A (277)			
Property	\$ 816,550	\$ 816,550	\$ 816,173	\$ (377)			
Other	200,275	200,275	219,070	18,795			
Intergovernmental	1,855,615	1,855,615	1,743,282	(112,333)			
Licenses and permits	5,000	5,000	2,150	(2,850)			
Charges for services	15,150	15,150	8,585	(6,565)			
Fees	190,850	190,850	224,735	33,885			
Miscellaneous	38,650	38,650	52,844	14,194			
Total revenues	3,122,090	3,122,090	3,066,839	(55,251)			
EXPENDITURES							
Assessor	93,200	93,200	88,168	5,032			
Administrator	105,552	105,552	92,128	13,424			
Board of County Commissioners	92,000	92,000	90,258	1,742			
Clerk and Recorder	88,200	88,200	84,125	4,075			
County Attorney	33,500	33,500	38,508	(5,008)			
County Coroner	19,000	19,000	22,519	(3,519)			
County Jail	24,000	24,000	15,210	8,790			
District Attorney	22,000	22,000	13,873	8,127			
Elections	25,000	25,000	19,039	5,961			
Emergency Medical Services	86,400	86,400	186,400	(100,000)			
Emergency Office	32,093	32,093	48,040	(15,947)			
Veterans Officer	925	925	930	(5)			
Fire department	49,960	49,960	86,214	(36,254)			
Intergovernmental	1,501,429	1,501,429	1,003,897	497,532			
Courthouse	75,400	75,400	80,733	(5,333)			
Public Health	204,091	204,091	120,668	83,423			
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	2	15,000			
Treasurer's fees	52,000	52,000	53,953	(1,953)			
Sheriff	386,937	386,937	335,996	50,941			
Surveyor	83,000	83,000	2,200	80,800			
Treasurer	87,342	87,342	76,712	10,630			
Total department expenses	3,077,029	3,077,029	2,459,571	617,458			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		(<u>a</u>)	286,000	286,000			
Transfers out	(113,360)	(113,360)	(178,408)	(65,048)			
Total other financing sources and uses	CONTRACTOR CARROLING CONTRACTOR	(113,360)	107,592	220,952			
Total other illiancing sources and uses	(113,300)	(113,500)					
Net change to fund balance	(68,299)	(68,299)	714,860	783,159			
Fund balance, January 1	840,512	840,512	840,423	(89)			
Fund balance, December 31	\$ 772,213	\$ 772,213	\$ 1,555,283	\$ 783,070			

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	cai I	Inded Decem Bud	geted					
	-	Original	В	Final		Actual		ariance
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	15,029	\$	15,029	\$	11,123	\$	(3,906)
Intergovernmental:						150 402		(271 500)
Federal shared revenues		422,000		422,000		150,492		(271,508) (8,260)
State shared revenues		350,000	_	350,000	_	341,740	_	
Total intergovernmental revenues	-	772,000	_	772,000		492,232	-	(279,768)
Miscellaneous:								10.050
Refund of expenditures		4,000		4,000		16,872		12,872
Other miscellaneous revenues		7,500_		7,500		22,340	_	14,840
Total miscellaneous revenues	_	11,500		11,500	_	39,212	_	27,712
Total revenues		798,529		798,529		542,567		(255,962)
EXPENDITURES								
Public works		499,000		499,000		503,375		(4,375)
Debt service		63,000		63,000		60,629		2,371
Treasurer's fees		5,000_		5,000		5,788	-	(788)
Total expenditures		567,000	_	567,000		569,792	-	(2,792)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		231,529		231,529		(27,225)		(258,754)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USI	ES)							
Transfers in/(out)		(232,000)		(232,000)		57,000		289,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	7	(232,000)	_	(232,000)		57,000		289,000
Net change to fund balance		(471)		(471)		29,775		30,246
Fund balance, January 1		401,754		401,754		568,711		166,957
Fund balance, December 31	\$	401,283	\$	401,283	\$	598,486	\$	197,203

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO SOCIAL SERVICES FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Bud	lgeted					
		Original		Final		Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$	16,000 135,810 151,810	\$	16,000 135,810 151,810	\$	18,217 137,181 155,398	\$	2,217 1,371 3,588
EXPENDITURES Health and welfare Total expenditures	-	162,918 162,918	: 	162,918 162,918	-	164,707 164,707		(1,789) (1,789)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(11,108)		(11,108)		(9,309)		1,799
Fund balance, January 1 Fund balance, December 31	\$	25,190 14,082	\$	25,190 14,082	\$	91,761 82,452	\$	(66,571) 68,370

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO EMERGENCY SERVICES SALES TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Bud	geted		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$306,310	\$306,310	\$220,204	\$ (86,106)
Total revenues	306,310	306,310	220,204	(86,106)
EXPENDITURES				
Health and welfare		2 7 2	<u> </u>	
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	<u></u>		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in	353	(#)	121,408	121,408
Transfer out	(287,038)	(287,038)	(286,000)	1,038
Total other financing sources (uses)				
over expenditures	19,272	19,272	55,612	36,340
Fund balance, January 1	97,670	97,670	105,718	8,048
Fund balance, December 31	\$116,942	\$116,942	\$161,330	\$ 44,388

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS December 31, 2016

	Conservation Trust	Contingent	Tourism	Noxious Weeds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSE 13 Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Total assets	\$ 6,814	\$ 84,555	\$ 121,434 14,034 \$ 135,468	\$ 1,988	\$ 214,791 14,034 \$ 228,825
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities	8	9	⇔	⇔	ω
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred revenue	1.	Ü	15	T.	3
Fund balances Reserved for: Emergencies Unreserved: Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	6,814 6,814 \$ 6,814	30,000 54,555 84,555 \$ 84,555	135,468 135,468 \$ 135,468	1,988 1,988 \$ 1,988	30,000 198,825 228,825 \$ 228,825

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2016	STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUNNON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2016	VENUES, EXPENDITURES AN RNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIA Year Ended December 31, 2016	EES AND CHAN PECIAL REVEI 1, 2016	NUE FUNDS	O BALAN	CE
	Conservation Trust	Contingent	Tourism	Noxious Weeds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Intergovernmental Interest earnings Total revenues	\$ 714	s	\$ 78,905 15 78,920	φ	€9	79,619 48 79,667
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Tourism Total expenditures	30	(1)	60,133			30 60,133 60,163
Net change to fund balance	717	36	18,787	30		19,504
Fund balance, January 1 Fund balance, December 31	6,097	84,555 \$ 84,555	116,681	1,988	8	209,321

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO CONSERVATION TRUST FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Bud	geted	l				
	O	riginal		Final	A	ctual	Va_Va	riance
REVENUES							•	264
Intergovernmental	\$	450	\$	450	\$	714	\$	264
Interest Income		<u> </u>				33	V====	33
Total revenues		450	-	450		747		297
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		5,000		5,000		30_		4,970
Total expenditures	-	5,000		5,000	-	30		4,970
Net change to fund balance		(4,550)		(4,550)		717		5,267
Fund balance, January 1		5,820	a	5,820		6,097		277
Fund balance, December 31	\$	1,270	\$	1,270	\$	6,814	\$	5,544

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO CONTINGENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Bud	gete	d				
	C	riginal		Final		Actual	_Va	ariance
REVENUES Taxes	_\$_		\$\$_		_\$_	Ē.	\$	(<u>A</u> ()
EXPENDITURES	-	10,000		10,000				10,000
Net change to fund balance		(10,000)		(10,000)		ŝ		10,000
Fund balance, January 1 Fund balance, December 31	-	84,554 74,554	·	84,554 74,554	-\$	84,555	\$	10,001
rund valance, December 31	Ψ	, ,,,,,,,,				$\overline{}$		

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO TOURISM FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Bud	lgeted					
		riginal		Final		Actual	_V	ariance
REVENUES	-							
Intergovernmental	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	78,905	\$	18,905
Interest income		724				15	-	15
Total revenues		60,000		60,000		78,920		18,920
EXPENDITURES								¥
Tourism		55,000		55,000		60,133		(5,133)
Total expenditures		55,000	_	55,000		60,133	-	(5,133)
Net change to fund balance		5,000		5,000		18,787		23,787
Fund balance, January 1		89,051	-	89,051		116,681		27,630
Fund balance, December 31	\$	94,051	\$	94,051	_\$_	135,468	\$	51,417

SAN JUAN COUNTY, COLORADO NOXIOUS WEEDS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Buc	lgeted					
	0	riginal		Final	A	ctual	Va	riance
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental		(e .(_\$_				\$	*
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		900		900				900
Total expenditures		900		900		, 2,		900
Net change to fund balance		(900)		(900)		8 =		(900)
Fund balance, January 1		1,988		1,988	,	1,988		
Fund balance, December 31	\$	1,088	\$	1,088	\$	1,988	\$	(900)

Calendar Year 2016

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT

COUNTY/CITY: San Juan (

I - RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES		
A. Receipts from local sources		110 755 10
2. General Fund Appropriations:		\$ 149,755.43
3. Other local imposts: from A.3. Total below)		\$
4. Miscellaneous local receipts: from A.4. Total below)		\$
5. Transfers from toll facilities6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes		\$ 0.00
a. Bonds - Original Issues:		\$ 0.00
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues:		\$ 0.00
c. Notes:		\$ 0.00
	SubTotal:	\$ 149,755.43
3. Private Contributions		\$ 0.00
I - RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES	(Detail)	
A.3. Other local imposts		
a. Property Taxes and Assessments b. Other Local Imposts		\$ 11,195.91
1. Sales Taxes:		\$ 0.00
2. Infrastructure and Impact Fees:		\$ 0.00
3. Liens:		\$ 0.00
4. Licenses:		\$ 0.00
5. Specific Ownership and/or Other:		\$ 1,044.86

A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts

- a. Interest on Investments:
- b. Traffic fines & Penalties:
- c. Parking Garage Fees:
- d. Parking Meter Fees:
- e. Sale of Surplus Property:
- f. Charges for Services:
- g. Other Misc. Receipts:
- h. Other:

\$\begin{align*}
0.00 \\
\\$\begin{align*}
14,440.27 \\
\begin{align*}
14,440

Total: (a through h) carried to 'Misc local receipts' above)

C. Receipts from State Government

- 1. Highway User Taxes:
- 3. Other State funds:
- c. Motor Vehicle Registrations:
- d. Other:

Comments:

undefined

e. Other:

Comments:

undefined

0.00

340,621.43

0.00

0.00

Total: (1+3c,d,e)

\$ 340,621.43

D. Receipts from Federal Government

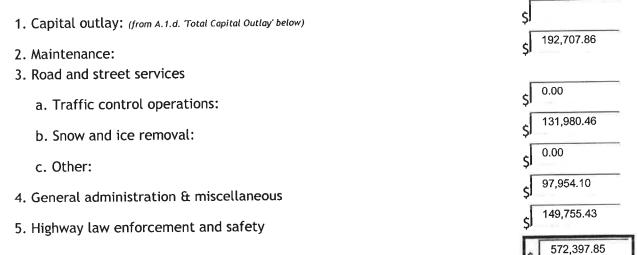
- 2. Other Federal Agencies
- a. Forest Service:
- b. FEMA:

\$\ 89,296.69 \$\ 0.00



III - DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES

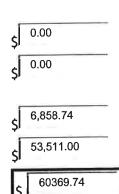
A. Local highway disbursements





B. Debt service on local obligations

- 1. Bonds
 - a. Interest
 - b. Redemption
- 2. Notes
 - a. Interest
 - b. Redemption



SubTotal: (1+2)

D. Payments to Toll Fac	ilities:		şl	0.00
		Total Disbur	sements: (A+B+C+D)	60,369.74
III - DISBURSEMENT	S FOR ROAD AN	ND STREET PUR	RPOSES - (Detail)	
		A. ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	B. OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	C. TOTAL
A.1. Capital Outlay				
a. Right-Of-Way Costs:		\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	şl
b. Engineering Costs:c. Construction		\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	sl _
1. New Facilities:		\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$
2. Capacity Improve	ements:	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$
3. System Preserva	tion:	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$
4. System Enhancer	nent:	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$
5. Total Construction	on:			\$
d. Total Capital Outlay	': (Lines A.1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)			\$
IV. LOCAL HIGHWA	Y DEBT STATU	S		
	OPENING DEBT	AMOUNT ISSUE		CLOSING DEBT
A. Bonds (Total)	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	şl
 Bonds (Refunding Portion) 		\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$l
B. Notes (Total):	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$
			4.T.C. (1.1.1)	
V - LOCAL ROAD AI	ND STREET FUN	ID BALANCE		Albert State (1984)

C. Payments to State for Highways:

\$ 0.00

A. Beginning Balance

\$ 446,355.00

B. Total Receipts

639,854.59

C.Total Disbursements

632,767.59

D. Ending Balance

\$ 453,442.00

E. Reconciliation

0.00

Notes	&	Comn	nents:
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Date Submitted: